

1. 'Will to power' is an important postulate in
 - A) Psychoanalysis
 - B) Logotherapy
 - C) Individual Psychology
 - D) Analytical Psychology
 2. Phenyl Ketonuria (PKU) is a form of mental retardation associated with
 - A) Chromosomal abnormalities
 - B) Autosomal recessive condition
 - C) Autosomal dominant condition
 - D) X-linked recessive condition
 3. Adolescents who have not experienced an identity crisis but who are firmly committed to an occupation or ideology are in the status of
 - A) Identity diffusion
 - B) Identity achievement
 - C) Moratorium
 - D) Foreclosure
 4. The non- parametric equivalent of t-test is
 - A) Mann-Whitney U test
 - B) Freidman's test
 - C) Wilcoxon test
 - D) Discriminant analysis
 5. Damage to which brain structure results in severe deficits in the ability to understand the meaning of fear
 - A) Cingulate cortex
 - B) Amygdala
 - C) Hippocampus
 - D) Hypothalamus
 6. Basal ganglia dysfunction can result in
 - A) Obsessive Compulsive Disorder
 - B) Schizophrenia
 - C) Mental retardation
 - D) Autism
 7. 'Basic anxiety' was defined as the foundation of neurosis by
 - A) Sigmund Freud
 - B) Carl Jung
 - C) Alfred Adler
 - D) Karen Horney
 8. When the argument strength of a persuasive message is highly relevant to the individual, the mode of processing used is
 1. Systematic processing
 2. Heuristic processing
 3. Central route to persuasion
 4. Peripheral route to persuasion
- Codes:
- A) 2&3 only B) 2&4 only C) 1&4only D) 1&3 only
9. An idiographic approach to the study of personality was favoured by
 - A) Cattell
 - B) Hartshone and May
 - C) Allport
 - D) Mc Kinley and Hathaway

10. The variable in an experiment which is manipulated by the investigator is
 - A) Independent variable
 - B) Dependent variable
 - C) Moderator variable
 - D) Discrete variable

11. When compared to test-retest reliability, the additional source of error variance in Alternate forms reliability
 - A) Item sampling difference
 - B) Test scoring
 - C) Test administration
 - D) Systematic Measurement error

12. The band of fibers connecting two hemispheres of the brain is
 - A) Corpus callosum
 - B) Caudate nucleus
 - C) Cingulate gyrus
 - D) Globus pallidus

13. The F-scale in MMPI is a measure of
 - A) Psychological Defensiveness
 - B) Deviant responses
 - C) Family Dynamics
 - D) Variable response inconsistency

14. Voluntary responses that are emitted by an organism in a given environment are involved in
 - A) Operant conditioning
 - B) Classical conditioning
 - C) Observational learning
 - D) Insight learning

15. Which intelligence test would you recommend for administration to a 10 year old child with cerebral palsy?
 - A) Hayes Binet test
 - B) Hiskey-Nebraska Test of Learning Aptitude
 - C) Perkins Binet test
 - D) Columbia Mental Maturity Scale

16. Carl Rogers studied the changes in self concept during the course of therapy using
 - A) L-data
 - B) Q-data
 - C) T-data
 - D) Q-sort

17. "Personal Data Sheet", the first standardized personality inventory to be administered on a mass basis, was developed by
 - A) Francis Galton
 - B) Robert Woodworth
 - C) Carl Jung
 - D) Emil Kraepelin

18. The middle value of a sequentially ordered group of numbers is the
 - A) Mean
 - B) Median
 - C) Mode
 - D) Range

19. The rod- and- frame test was devised by Witkin to measure
 - A) Attention
 - B) Illusion
 - C) Cue dependence-independence
 - D) Creativity

20. The term "eupsychia" was coined by
 - A) Rollo May
 - B) Maslow
 - C) Erik Erikson
 - D) Carl Rogers

21. According to Buddhist philosophy, the counterpart of Boddhisatwa in the Theravada tradition is
 A) Arhat B) Kensho C) Shakyamuni D) Purusha
22. The Object Relation theorist who spoke of 'Psychological birth' of an individual
 A) Margaret Mahler B) Karen Horney
 C) Melanie Klein D) Winnicott
23. Clinical feature of major depressive disorders suggest a defect in
 A) Uncus B) Basal Ganglia
 C) Hippocampus D) Hypothalamus
24. The hormone with the greatest role in aggression is
 A) Testosterone B) Estrogen
 C) Progesterone D) Aldosterone
25. A person with Klinefelter's syndrome has the genotype
 A) XY B) YY C) XXY D) XYY
26. All the following endocrine glands are subject to control by the brain EXCEPT
 A) Pancreatic islets B) Pituitary
 C) Parathyroid D) Adrenal
27. The correlation coefficient of IQ closely associated with fraternal twins reared together is
 A) 0.47 B) 0.60 C) 0.72 D) 0.86
28. Arrange in ascending series the stages of yoga formulated by Patanjali
 A) Asana-yama-niyama-pratyahara-pranayama
 B) Yama-niyama-asana-pratyahara-pranayama
 C) Yama-niyama-asana-pranayama-pratyahara
 D) Niyama-asana-pratyahara-pranayama-yama
29. That creativity tests should be conducted in evaluation free, game like situation was urged by
 A) Torrance B) Getzels & Jackson
 C) Guilford D) Wallach & Kogan
30. Atrophy of this brain structure is often seen in Autism
 A) Hippocampus B) Cerebellum
 C) Pons D) Corpus callosum
31. Double bind family situation is a psychodynamic factor thought to be involved in the development of
 A) Mental retardation B) Learning disability
 C) Schizophrenia D) Dementia

32. The number of people who have depression on January 1, 1998, divided by the total population on that date is the
- A) Point prevalence
B) Period prevalence
C) Incidence
D) Odds ratio
33. The percentage of score in a normally distributed data that lies above an Z score of -1 is
- A) 68% B) 84% C) 95% D) 34%
34. When the scores in a standardization sample are positively skewed, it implies that
- A) The test has many easy items
B) The test has too few easy items
C) The test has high psychometric properties
D) The test item can be retained
35. When the null hypothesis is rejected although it is true, the researcher makes
- A) Type I error
B) Type II error
C) Correct decision
D) False positive
36. The mood congruent delusion consistent with Mania
- A) Guilt B) Persecution C) Power D) Failure
37. A common occurrence following the withdrawal from nicotine
- A) Euphoria B) Excitability
C) Weight gain D) Delirium tremens
38. All the following are characteristic features of the pre-school years, EXCEPT
- A) Formation of the conscience B) Symbolic thinking
C) Industry vs. inferiority D) Role play
39. That children without proper mothering, such as those in institutions, show severe developmental retardation was documented by
- A) Harry Harlow B) John Bowlby
C) Rene Spitz D) Jean Piaget
40. The defense mechanism which is classified as the most mature is
- A) Repression B) Regression
C) Rationalization D) Sublimation
41. The schedule of reinforcement most resistant to extinction is
- A) Fixed ratio B) Variable ratio
C) Fixed interval D) Variable interval
42. A common effect of amphetamines is
- A) Increased fatigue B) Reduced libido
C) Reduced pain threshold D) Reduced appetite

43. Bleuler's four "A's" that characterize schizophrenia include all the following, EXCEPT
- | | |
|----------------|----------------|
| A) Anhedonia | B) Autism |
| C) Association | D) Ambivalence |
44. The brain area likely to be involved in anxiety disorders
- | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| A) Globus pallidus | B) Reticular Activating System |
| C) Locus ceruleus | D) Thalamus |
45. All the following are common causes of delirium, EXCEPT
- | | |
|------------------------|---------------|
| A) Encephalitis | B) Epilepsy |
| C) Alzheimer's disease | D) Meningitis |
46. Simulation of physical illness for financial or other obvious gain is a salient feature of
- | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| A) Factitious disorder | B) Malingering |
| C) Briquet's disorder | D) Body dysmorphic disorder |
47. The personality disorder that best describes a patient who dresses strangely and behaves oddly but is not psychotic
- | | |
|----------------|-------------|
| A) Avoidant | B) Schizoid |
| C) Schizotypal | D) Paranoid |
48. The most important property of a psychological test for determining psychiatric diagnosis is
- | | |
|--------------------|----------------|
| A) Standardization | B) Validity |
| C) Reliability | D) Specificity |
49. An adverse effect caused by the long-term use of antipsychotic drugs primarily involving abnormal movements of the face and tongue, is known as
- | | |
|--------------------|------------------------|
| A) Tachycardia | B) Parkinson's disease |
| C) Down's syndrome | D) Tardive dyskinesia |
50. The defense mechanism in which unacceptable impulses are attributed to others
- | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------|
| A) Rationalization | B) Projection |
| C) Denial | D) Reaction formation |
51. The factor index scores of the Stanford Binet test are
- | |
|--|
| A) Fluid reasoning, knowledge, quantitative reasoning, visuospatial processing, working memory |
| B) Knowledge, quantitative reasoning, fluid intelligence, crystallized intelligence, short term memory |
| C) Quantitative reasoning, qualitative reasoning, visuospatial processing, short term memory, knowledge |
| D) Fluid intelligence, crystallized intelligence, quantitative reasoning, working memory, processing speed |

52. Interaction between two variables occur:
- A) When the additive property applies to the main effects
 - B) When change in the value of one variable alters the effects on the other
 - C) When change in the additive property and the main effects are independent
 - D) When change in the values of one variable does not affect the effects on the other
53. The tendency to remember uncompleted tasks longer than completed ones
- A) Garcia effect
 - B) Zeigarnik effect
 - C) Doppler effect
 - D) Crespi effect
54. The period of prenatal development in human beings when the major development occurs in the head region first and extremities last
- A) Period of the foetus
 - B) Period of the zygote,
 - C) Period of the embryo
 - D) Period of the partunate
55. In an experimental study of concept formation, all the cards with three green squares comprise a
- A) Simple concept
 - B) Conjunctive concept
 - C) Disjunctive concept
 - D) Relational concept
56. Find out the answer from the codes given below:
The Stanford Binet test
- I. Involves response contingent testing
 - II Is a group test of intelligence
 - III Uses deviation IQ
 - IV Based on Catell-Horn model of intelligence
- Codes :
- A) I, II, and III only are correct
 - B) II, and III only are correct
 - C) I, II, III, and IV are correct
 - D) I, III, and IV only are correct
57. Flynn effect refers to
- A) Incremental validity
 - B) Generosity error
 - C) Intelligence inflation
 - D) Item fairness
58. The theory of emotion which maintains that arousal and appraisal are triggered by the thalamus
- A) Cannon- Bard theory
 - B) James-Lange theory
 - C) Cognitive appraisal theory
 - D) Schachter- Singer Theory
59. The multitrait-multimethod matrix provides evidence of
- A) Content validity
 - B) Predictive validity
 - C) Concurrent validity
 - D) Construct validity

60. Arrange the characteristics of thought according to Piagetian stages of cognitive development
 A) Circular reactions-transitive inference-centration-hypothesis testing
 B) Circular reactions- centration- transitive inference-hypotheses testing
 C) Centration- circular reactions-transitive inference-hypotheses testing
 D) Transitive inference-circular reactions-centration-hypotheses testing
61. All the following are characteristics of adolescent thought, according to David Elkind, EXCEPT
 A) Indecisiveness
 B) Personal fable
 C) Imaginary audience
 D) Metacognition
62. Which of the following concepts are related to Vygotsky? Choose your answer from the codes given below:
 I Private speech
 II Scaffolding
 III Zone of Proximal Development (ZPD)
 IV Language Acquisition Device (LAD)

Codes

- A) I, II, and III only
 B) I, II and IV only
 C) II, IV and III only
 D) I, III and IV only
63. The Ryff scale measures
 A) Well-being
 B) Emotional intelligence
 C) Vocational choice
 D) Alienation
64. Match List I (Normalized standard scores) with List II (Mean (M) and Standard Deviation (SD) and choose the answer from the codes given below:

List I Normalized Standard scores	List II (M &SD)
a. Z Scores	1. M=100 ; SD=15
b. T Scores	2. M=0 ; SD=10
c. Deviation IQ	3. M=10 ; SD= 50
d. Stanine	4. M=0 ; SD= 1
	5. M=5; SD=2

Codes

- A) a=2, b=3, c=1, d=5
 B) a=4, b=3, c=1, d=5
 C) a=3, b=5, c=2, d=1
 D) a=5, b=4, c=1, d=2
65. The virtues of division of labour was first articulated by
 A) Charles Babbage
 B) Robert Owen
 C) Adam Smith
 D) W. Taylor
66. Which among the following small-group network facilitates the emergence of a leader?
 A) Chain
 B) Wheel
 C) All channel
 D) Y-network

67. Arrange the following variables in ascending order in terms of different levels of measurement and choose from the codes given below:

- I. Degree of Phobia
- II. Eye colour
- III. Number of children in families
- IV. Gold, silver, bronze medals at Olympics

Codes

- A) III-IV-II-I B) II-IV-I-III C) II-III-IV-I D) III-IV-I-II

68. According to the two-factor theory of job satisfaction, hygiene factors include

- A) Personal growth, recognition, responsibility
- B) Physical working conditions, job security, promotional opportunities
- C) Responsibility, achievement, relation with others
- D) Company policies, relation with others, job security

69. The tendency for individuals to attribute their own successes to internal factors while putting the blame for failures on external factors is

- A) Fundamental attribution error B) Self serving bias
- C) Selective perception D) Consistency

70. Given below are two statements, Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Choose your answer from the codes given below:

- (A). Predicted scores on an outcome variable based on a predictor variable may go wrong seriously even when the correlation between the two are very strong.
- (R). Predicted scores are influenced by intercept bias and slope bias.

Code

- A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- B) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
- C) (A) is true, but (R) is false.
- D) (A) is false, but (R) is true

71. 'Children with learning disability have poor impulse control than children without'. This is an example of

- A) Quasi experiment B) True experiment
- C) Randomized factorial design D) Completely randomized design

72. All the following are ways to increase the power of a test, EXCEPT

- A) Selecting a heterogeneous sample B) Maximise treatment manipulation
- C) Use interval or ratio measures D) Increase sample size

73. Which is NOT an effect size estimate?

- A) Cohen's d B) Eta-squared
- C) Coefficient of concordance D) Coefficient of determination

74. Find out the correct answer from the codes given below
 The most important contribution of Item Response Theory (IRT) include
- I. Invariance of item parameters
 - II. Tailored testing
 - III. Multidimensionality of the test
 - IV. Cannot be used with criterion keyed tests

Codes

- A) I, II, III are correct
 - B) I, II, IV are correct
 - C) I, II are correct
 - D) II, III, IV are correct
75. The laboratory based technique to assess attachment patterns between infant and adult was designed by
- A) Margaret Mahler
 - B) Bowlby
 - C) Mary Ainsworth
 - D) Winnicott
76. Using the Spearman-Brown formula, the split-half reliability of a test is estimated as 0.70. The estimated full-test reliability is
- A) 0.82
 - B) 0.95
 - C) 0.89
 - D) 0.67
77. Match List I (parametric tests) with List II (procedure) and choose the answer from the code given below :

List I (Parametric Test)	List II (Procedure)
a. Discriminant Analysis	1. Within group variance
b. Factor Analysis	2. Coefficient of determination
c. Regression Analysis	3. Functions at group centroids
d. F test	4. Gain score
	5. Rotation to positive manifold

Codes:

- A) a=5, b=3, c=4, d=1
 - B) a=3, b=5, c=2, d=1
 - C) a=3, b=2, c=5, d=1
 - D) a=4, b=3, c=1, d=2
78. Which of the following is not a part of Quarentelli's dimensions of disaster?
- A) Type of disaster
 - B) The proportion of the population
 - C) Unfamiliarity of the crisis
 - D) Social centrality of the affected population
79. The scaling method used in Beck's depression inventory (BDI) is
- A) Likert scale
 - B) Semantic differential
 - C) Guttman scale
 - D) Q sort
80. The phenomenon of validity shrinkage is a common discovery in
- A) Co-validation
 - B) Content validity
 - C) Cross validation
 - D) Co-norming

81. According to the Gate control theory of pain, stimulation of the fibers from the Spinothalamic pathway results in
 A) Increased pain transmission B) Decreased pain transmission
 C) The closure of spinal gate D) Phantom limb pain
82. The X-axis in a histogram represents
 A) Categorical data B) Continuous data
 C) Discrete data D) Dichotomous data
83. Match List I (Personality test) with List II (the corresponding scoring of response) and select from the codes given below

List I (Personality Test)	List (Scoring Response)
P. MMPI	1. Impotence
Q. Rorschach	2. Adaptive regression in the service of ego (ARISE)
R. BGT	3. K-scale
S. TAT	4. Disclosure Index
	5. Suicide constellation

Codes:

- | | | | | |
|----|---|---|---|---|
| | P | Q | R | S |
| A) | 3 | 5 | 1 | 2 |
| B) | 4 | 5 | 3 | 2 |
| C) | 5 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| D) | 3 | 5 | 4 | 1 |

84. The 'hold' tests in the Wechsler scales are:
 A) Digit span- Digit symbol- Similarities- Block design
 B) Information- Digit Symbol-Block design- vocabulary
 C) Information-Object assembly-picture completion-vocabulary
 D) Digit span-picture completion-Information-Similarities
85. Match List I (Brain structure) with List II (Neurodegenerative disease) and select your answer from the codes given below

List I (Brain structure)	List II (Neurodegenerative disease)
P. Basal Ganglia	1. Alzheimer's disease
Q. Substantia Nigra	2. Pick disease
R. Mediotemporal Lobes	3. Binswanger disease
S. Frontotemporal lobes	4. Parkinson's disease
	5. Huntington's disease

Codes:

- | | | | | |
|----|---|---|---|---|
| | P | Q | R | S |
| A) | 4 | 3 | 2 | 5 |
| B) | 5 | 4 | 1 | 2 |
| C) | 5 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| D) | 3 | 4 | 5 | 2 |

86. Find out the correct answer from the codes given below:

Factors that can prevent group think include

- I. High cohesiveness
- II. Designating a devil's advocate
- III. Directive leadership
- IV. Self censorship

Codes

- A) I, II, III are correct
- B) I, III, IV are correct
- C) Only II is correct
- D) Only III is correct

87. The three methods proposed by Guthrie to break a habit

- A) Punishment, conditioned inhibition, threshold
- B) Fatigue, reactive inhibition, threshold
- C) Fatigue, punishment, conditioned stimuli
- D) Fatigue, threshold, incompatible stimuli

88. Match List I (Concepts) with List II (Authors) and choose the answer from the codes given below

List I (Concepts)	List II (Authors)
P. Geons	1. Selfridge
Q. Feature Demons	2. David Marr
R. Primal Sketch	3. James Gibson
S. Direct Perception	4. Irving Beiderman
	5. Annie Treisman

Codes:

- | | | | | |
|----|---|---|---|---|
| | P | Q | R | S |
| A) | 1 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| B) | 4 | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| C) | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| D) | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 |

89. The optimal CS-UCS interval for the conditioning of eye lid closure reflex in humans

- A) 150 milliseconds
- B) 50 milliseconds
- C) 450 milliseconds
- D) 100 milliseconds

90. The genetic lesion of Chromosome 21 produces

- A) Alzheimer's Disease
- B) Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease
- C) Wernicke Encephalopathy
- D) Wilson Disease

91. Perceptual abnormalities include all of the following EXCEPT

- A) Hallucinations
- B) Depersonalization
- C) Illusions
- D) Perseverations

92. Match List I (Therapy) with List II (Concepts) and choose the answer from the codes given below:

List I (Therapy)	List II (Concepts)
P. Reality Therapy	1. Hot seat
Q. Multimodal Therapy	2. Shame-attacking exercise
R. Rational Emotive Behavior Therapy	3. Noogenic neurosis
S. Gestalt Therapy	4. Quality world
	5. Basic ID

Codes:

	P	Q	R	S
A)	5	4	2	3
B)	4	5	2	1
C)	5	4	1	2
D)	4	5	1	2

93. Find out the correct answer from the codes given below

The main features of within group designs include

- I. Each participant acts as their own control
- II. Reduces demand characteristics
- III. Requires few participants
- IV. Differential transfer effects are controlled

Codes

- | | | | |
|----|------------------------|----|---------------------|
| A) | I, II, III are correct | B) | I, III are correct |
| C) | II, IV are correct | D) | II, III are correct |

94. Find out the correct answer from the codes given below

Inconsistency between attitudes and behavior should produce dissonance

- I. When there is free choice to engage in the behavior
- II. There is sufficient justification for the behavior
- III. The behavior has negative consequences
- IV. The consequences are not foreseeable

Codes

- | | | | |
|----|--------------------|----|---------------------|
| A) | I, II are correct | B) | II, IV are correct |
| C) | I, III are correct | D) | III, IV are correct |

95. The most effective classical conditioning paradigm is

- | | | | |
|----|---------------------------|----|-----------------------|
| A) | Delayed conditioning | B) | Trace conditioning |
| C) | Simultaneous conditioning | D) | Backward conditioning |

96. The item reliability index of a dichotomous item is computed using

- A) Product moment correlation coefficient
- B) Biserial correlation coefficient
- C) Point biserial correlation coefficient
- D) Rank difference correlation coefficient

97. Solomon four group design is used to control the threats to internal validity due to
- A) History effects
 - B) Maturation effects
 - C) Interaction effects
 - D) Testing effects

98. Find out the correct answer from the codes given below.
Which of the following statements are true of Biserial r
- I. Continuity in the dichotomized trait
 - II. Biserial r can be used in regression equation
 - III. Normality of distribution is not assumed
 - IV. The correlation coefficient can go beyond 1.

Codes

- A) II, III are correct
 - B) I, III are correct
 - C) I, IV are correct
 - D) II, IV are correct
99. Find out the correct answer from the codes given below
Which of the following statements are true of variable interval (VI) schedule?
- I. VI schedules are characterized by steady state of response
 - II. There is pause following the reinforcement on a VI schedule
 - III. Scallop effect is a behavior characteristic of VI schedule
 - IV. There is no pause following reinforcement on a VI schedule

Codes

- A) I, III, IV are correct
 - B) II, III, IV are correct
 - C) I, IV are correct
 - D) II, III are correct
100. Given below are two statements, Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Indicate your answer using the codes given below.
- (A). Caudate nucleus, amygdala, and hippocampus in the brain deal with different kinds of memory.
 - (R). There are multiple parallel memory systems in the brain.

Codes:

- A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- B) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
- C) (A) is true, but (R) is false.
- D) (A) is false, but (R) is true

101. Match List I (Psychiatric disorder) with List II (Behavioural model) and choose the answer from the codes given below

List I (Psychiatric disorder)	List II (Behavior model)
P. Anxiety disorder	1. Maternal separation
Q. Depression	2. Grooming behavior disorders
R. Schizophrenia	3. Amphetamine induced hyperactivity
S. Obsessive-compulsive disorder	4. Geller-Seifter conflict test
	5. Striving for superiority

Codes:

	P	Q	R	S
A)	5	1	4	2
B)	4	1	3	2
C)	3	1	4	5
D)	4	1	2	3

102. Find out the correct answer from the codes given below

Secondary reinforcer is

- I. Any neutral stimuli present during primary reinforcement which acquire themselves the property of being reinforcing stimuli
- II. Measure of the power of the secondary reinforcer is the number of responses emitted during the first 10 minutes of testing
- III. Food is a secondary reinforcer
- IV. Acquires reinforcing ability through the operant conditioning process

Codes

- A) I, II, III are correct
- B) I, II are correct
- C) I, IV are correct
- D) II, III are correct

103. Find out the correct answer from the codes given below

According to Freud, instincts

- I. Are both conservative and regressive
- II. Represent momentary stimulation
- III. Operate by the Nirvana principle and pleasure principle
- IV. May be induced by environmental manipulation

Codes

- A) I, II, III are correct
- B) I, II are correct
- C) I, III, IV are correct
- D) II, III, IV are correct

104. Given below are two statements, Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Indicate your answer using the codes given below.
- (A). Item analysis on a speed test should be based on the number of respondents who answer an item.
- (R). Application of usual methods of item analysis to a speed test may yield misleading results.

Codes:

- A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
 B) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
 C) (A) is true, but (R) is false.
 D) (A) is false, but (R) is true

105. Given below are two statements, Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Indicate your answer using the codes given below.
- (A). Cognitive abnormalities are the most important feature of depression.
- (R). Depression is more likely among those with weak cognitive abilities.

Codes:

- A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
 B) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
 C) (A) is true, but (R) is false
 D) (A) is false, but (R) is true

106. Match List I (Clinical Disorder) with List II (salient feature) and choose your answer from the code given below

List I (Clinical disorder)	List II (Salient feature)
P. Hypochondriasis	1. Pseudosexuality
Q. Histrionic Personality Disorder	2. Excessive checking
R. Conversion Disorder	3. Nociceptor sensitivity
S. Pain Disorder	4. Somatosensory amplification
	5. La belle indifference

Codes:

- | | | | | |
|----|---|---|---|---|
| | P | Q | R | S |
| A) | 5 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| B) | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 |
| C) | 2 | 4 | 1 | 3 |
| D) | 4 | 1 | 5 | 3 |

107. Given below are two statements, Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Indicate your answer using the codes given below.
- (A) "Buyer's remorse" is a salient feature of post decisional situations.
 - (R) Approach-avoidance conflicts occur when there is a goal that has both positive and negative characteristics
- Codes:
- A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
 - B) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
 - C) (A) is true, but (R) is false
 - D) (A) is false, but (R) is true
108. Given below are two statements, Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Indicate your answer using the codes given below.
- (A) The chemical oxytocin released by the brain facilitates social connections.
 - (R) The release of oxytocin may help explain the social bonding among the members of an 'in-group'.
- Codes:
- A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
 - B) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
 - C) (A) is true, but (R) is false
 - D) (A) is false , but (R) is true
109. Obsessive compulsive disorder (OCD) has a shared genetic basis with
- | | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| A) Autism | B) Tourette's Disorder |
| C) Bulimia Nervosa | D) Reactive attachment disorder |
110. Mean is to standard deviation as median is to
- | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| A) Semi-interquartile range | B) Average deviation |
| C) Inclusive range | D) Variance |
111. Given below are two statements, Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Indicate your answer using the codes given below.
- (A) A difficulty index of 0.75 for an item implies that relatively more number of individuals have failed in the item.
 - (R) The difficulty index of an item indicates the proportion of individuals who fail in the item.
- Codes:
- A) A is correct, R is false
 - B) A is correct, R is the correct explanation of A
 - C) A is wrong, R is correct
 - D) Both A and R are wrong
112. When an individual receives a fair share of rewards in accordance with the contribution in the group, there is perception of
- | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------|
| A) Transactional Justice | B) Procedural Justice |
| C) Distributive Justice | D) Retributive Justice |

113. Cheating on exams is considered to be ethically wrong. This is an example of
A) Descriptive norm
B) Injunctive norm
C) Situational norm
D) Grade norm
114. Arrange the structure of language in the correct sequence
A) Morpheme-Phoneme-Pragmatics-Syntax-Semantics
B) Phonemes-Morphemes-Semantics-Pragmatics-Syntax
C) Phonemes- Morphemes-Syntax-Semantics-Pragmatics
D) Morphemes- Phonemes-Syntax –Pragmatics-Semantics
115. The two features that illustrate the top-down nature of perception are ‘change blindness’ and
A) Framing effects
B) Word superiority effect
C) Illusory correlation
D) Purkinje shift
116. Match List I (Social Phenomena) with List II (concepts) and choose your answer from the codes given below

List I (Social phenomena)	List II (concepts)
P. Prejudice	1. Glass ceiling
Q. Workplace aggression	2. Career related experience
R. AIDS volunteering	3. Social identity theory
S. Stereotypes	4. Effect-danger ratio
	5. Expansion hypothesis

Code:

Option	P	Q	R	S
A	3	5	4	1
B	3	4	2	1
C	2	1	4	5
D	5	2	4	3

117. All are thought form disorders, EXCEPT
A) Tangentiality
B) Neologisms
C) Perseveration
D) Delusion
118. Gambler’s fallacy is associated with
A) Availability Heuristic
B) Anchoring and adjustment Heuristic
C) Representative Heuristic
D) Means-end-analysis
119. The measure of variability of sample means is referred to as
A) Standard deviation
B) Range
C) Variance
D) Standard error
120. According to the Piagetian theory of cognitive development, assimilation occurs when
A) an infant smiles at the sound of mother’s voice
B) a child grasps and shakes a pencil as if it were a rattle
C) a child learns to identify four footed animals according to their particular characteristics
D) a child sees an airplane for the first time and says “ that’s not a bird”.

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